

PEF Summer, At Home Edition - Lesson Plan

Class: Visual Arts-Drawing	Grade Band: 9-12
Teacher: Atilio Pernisco	Lesson: Portrait Proportions
Objectives: Be able to draw a portrait by using measurements techniques making more realistic portraits.	Materials: Regular graphite pencil, paper and eraser

Process:

- 1-Make a vertical line in the middle of the paper and divide it by 3 equal spaces.
- 2- On the second mark starting from the bottom will be the base of the nose.
- 3- The next mark upwards will be the eyebrow line and a little below that make a second line that will be your eye line.
- 4- The base of the nose's width should be half of the height of the nose.
- 5- The eyes are of an almond shape and are the same width than the base of the nose.
- 6- The space between the eyes are that of another eye.
- 7- The mouth line is in the center, between the chin and the bottom of the nose. The mouth ends on each side by the middle of the eye.
- 8- The top lip is a little darker than the bottom lip. The bottom lip catches the light on top and catches some shading from the bottom of the lip.
- 9-The ears are of the same height than the nose.
- 10-Enclose the shape of the face down to the chin and on top by the forehead and hairline.
- 11-Include some hair. Remember that the hair breaks in chunks, in groups of hair overlapping each other. Draw the flow of the hair, leave the whiteness of the paper for the hair highlights.
- 12- From the edge of the eye make an imaginary line to define the neck area and do this to the other side.
- 13- If you like it. Draw a second portrait of your family member or get a mirror to draw a self-portrait thinking on these proportions. Remember you can measure by using your hand on your face. Have fun!

Vocabulary:

Proportions: a way to measure.